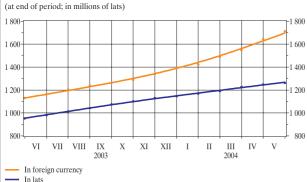


## MONETARY BULLETIN

2004

5

LOANS TO DOMESTIC ENTERPRISES AND PRIVATE PERSONS



In May, the first month after Latvia's accession to the EU, dynamic growth of the economy continued. The unemployment rate recorded the considerable decrease of 0.3 percentage points (to 8.7%). The growth in money supply and lending was slower than in April; nevertheless, the annual growth rate of the above indicators continued to increase due to a lower base, reaching 25.5% and 42.8%, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2004, the growth of the Latvian economy accelerated. The data released by the Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia indicated that GDP had grown by 8.8% year-on-year, with the value added increasing by 9.8% in the goods sector (including a pickup in construction and manufacturing of 13.0% and 10.6%, respectively) and by 8.4% in the services sector (a rise of 11.3% in trade and 8.3% in transport, storage and communication).

In April, the industrial output increased by 9.1%, with the seasonally adjusted volume index of industrial output in manufacturing improving by 9.7% year-on-year and the corresponding indicator in electricity, gas and water supply being higher by 6.0%. Retail trade turnover in constant prices expanded by 17.7%.

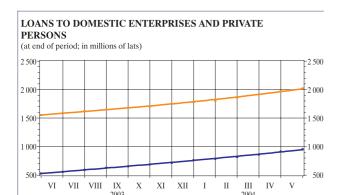
Freight transported by rail increased by 3.5% year-on-year, whereas oil products transported by pipeline grew by 5.0%. The cargo turnover in Latvian ports declined by 8.6%.

The consumer price index was up 1.3% month-on-month, whereas the annual rate of consumer price inflation rose to 6.2%. The increase in inflation levels was mostly attributed to extraordinary factors, inter alia, the change in regulatory requirements as Latvia acceded to the EU. In May, the influence of the factors driving the price rises already at the beginning of the year, e.g. an increase in administratively regulated prices and those of several food products, continued. The rise of inflation was no longer associated with the appreciation of the euro, since the average exchange rate of the euro in May did not differ significantly from the one recorded a year ago. A rise in oil prices, as well as an increase in the excise tax resulted in a substantial rise in fuel prices (11.9%). In May, it pushed up the overall consumer price level in Latvia by 0.4 percentage points, whereas the upward trend in insurance service prices raised the overall inflation by 0.2 percentage points.

The general government consolidated budget expenditure exceeded revenue by 15.3 million lats, and in the first five months of 2004, the fiscal surplus shrank to 35.9 million lats. Nevertheless, the budget outcome was a considerable improvement year-on-year (10.4 million lats in the corresponding period of 2003). In the first five months of 2004, a fiscal deficit of 6.5 million lats was observed in the central government basic budget; the central government social security budget and the local government consolidated budget were in surplus (25.7 million lats and 19.5 million lats, respectively).

As the eurobonds issued in 1999 were redeemed, the Government debt decreased considerably in May: down to 913.8 million lats at the end of the month. The external debt contracted by 138.5 million lats (to 530.1 million lats). With the stock of the government securities redeemed exceeding that of the newly issued securities, the domestic debt also slightly decreased. In May, 10-year Treasury bonds were sold at auction in the amount of 3.9 million lats, with the average yield of 4.88%.

The growth in broad money (54.4 million lats) was determined by an increase in deposits of domestic enterprises and private



To enterprises

To private person:

MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS 2004 IV V Changes in the volume index of industrial output (year-on-year basis; %) 9.1 Changes in the CPI 0.6 Month-on-month basis (%) 13 Year-on-year basis (%) 5.0 6.2 Annual rate of core inflation1 (%) 5.1 6.0 Number of registered unemployed persons 95 964 93 366 (at end of period) Unemployment rate (%) General government consolidated budget fiscal deficit/surplus (in millions of lats) 50.0 35.9 Foreign trade (in millions of lats) Exports 176.6 Imports 364.1 Balance -187.5

Source: Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia.

persons (56.6 million lats), with the deposits' annual growth rate reaching 32.5%, a high since spring 2001. Cash outside banks decreased by 2.2 million lats, and the annual growth rate of this indicator shrank to 7.3%. An increase in deposits was determined by the pickup in the lats deposits. Domestic money supply M2D grew by 39.0 million lats month-on-month, and its annual growth rate was 29.5%.

Lending to domestic enterprises and private persons expanded by 81.6 million lats. The month-on-month growth in lending was at a low since January, primarily as a result of an increase in mortgage loans and industrial credit (36.5 million lats and 23.3 million lats, respectively). The lower level of interest rates on loans promoted a notably higher amount of loans being granted in foreign currency than in lats. The growth rate of loans in lats fell to 32.5% year-on-year (35.3% in April), whereas that of foreign currency loans increased by 2.5 percentage points (to 51.5%). Loans in lats grew by mere 13.2 million lats, whereas those in foreign currency posted a pickup of 68.3 million lats.

Although interest rates in May remained higher on lending in lats than on loans in foreign currency, the interest rate spread narrowed by 0.4–0.9 percentage points. The weighted average interest rate on loans granted in foreign currency to domestic enterprises as well as private persons rose to 5.8%. The weighted average interest rate on loans in lats granted to domestic enterprises remained unchanged (7.2%), whereas that on loans granted to private persons fell to 8.4%.

The growth in lending was mostly financed from domestic deposits. The Government funds available temporarily in the banking sector and bank liabilities to non-residents also increased. The banking sector's net credit to the Government decreased by 51.8 million lats. Net foreign assets of the banking sector slightly increased (by 16.0 million lats).

The banking sector's assets expanded by 146.3 million lats (to 6.2 billion lats) in May. In the first five months of 2004, banks' profit was 39.0 million lats (1.5 times higher year-on-year).

In May, the banking sector enjoyed high liquidity; hence, the amount of repo loans granted by the Bank of Latvia shrank six times month-on-month (to 29.2 million lats), and the currency swap turnover decreased 2.6 times (to 10.9 million lats). The high liquidity was ensured by the inflow of foreign currency in Latvia (in May as well the Bank of Latvia purchased foreign currency in spot market in the net amount of 18.2 million lats).

Although the Bank of Latvia purchased foreign currency in May, the central bank's net foreign assets shrank by 141.1 million lats due to the redemption of the Government eurobonds. Nevertheless, the backing of the national currency with the Bank of Latvia's net foreign assets was 108.3% at the end of May.

The exchange rates of the euro and the British pound against the lats, as set by the Bank of Latvia, grew by 1.8% and 2.1%, respectively, whereas those of the US dollar and the Japanese yen dropped by 1.6% and 2.0%, respectively.

The high bank liquidity resulted in a drop in money market interest rates. Overnight RIGIBOR fell from 3.8% at the beginning of May to 3.0% at the end of the month. RIGIBOR for loans with 6- and 12-month maturity was down by 0.4 percentage points (to 4.1% and 4.2%, respectively). The interbank market weighted average interest rate on loans in lats decreased by 0.9 percentage points (to 2.6%).

Source: Bank of Latvia.

<sup>\*</sup> Figure available at a later date.

ONETARY INDICATORS (at end of pe	eriod; in millions of lats)		2004
		IV	V
	Banking system		
	M2X	2 420.9	2 475.3
	Currency outside banks	587.6	585.4
	Deposits of domestic enterprises and private persons	1 833.3	1 889.9
	Demand deposits	1 010.0	1 068.0
	Time deposits	823.3	821.9
	M2D	1 763.9	1 802.9
	Net foreign assets	174.5	49.4
	Net domestic assets	2 246.3	2 425.8
	Loans to domestic enterprises and private persons	2 894.6	2 976.2
	Short-term loans	449.2	457.0
	Long-term loans	2 445.4	2 519.2
	Credit to the Government (net)	-32.8	105.8
	Bank of Latvia		
	M0	821.8	802.7
	Currency in circulation	666.3	657.9
	Deposits with the Bank of Latvia in lats	155.4	144.7
	Net foreign assets	1 010.8	869.7
	Net domestic assets	-189.0	-67.1
	Credit	-134.9	-2.2
	To banks	63.5	5.9
	To the Government (net)	-198.4	-8.0
	Other items (net)	-54.1	-64.9
	International reserves (at end of period; in millions of US dollars)	1 825.62	1 597.26
	Gold	95.50	98.36
	Special Drawing Rights	0.03	0.02
	Reserve position in the IMF	0.08	0.08
	Foreign convertible currencies	1 730.01	1 498.80

EXCHANGE RATES SET BY THE BANK OF LATVIA AND INTEREST RATES		2004
	IV	V
Weighted average interest rate on domestic interbank loans in lats	3.5	2.6
Interest rates on loans to domestic enterprises and private persons		
Loans to enterprises (in lats)	7.2	7.2
Loans to private persons (in lats)	9.0	8.4
Loans to enterprises (in foreign currencies)	5.3	5.8
Loans to private persons (in foreign currencies)	5.6	5.8
Interest rates on deposits of domestic enterprises and private persons		
Time deposits of enterprises (in lats)	3.5	2.9
Demand deposits of enterprises (in lats)	0.8	0.7
Time deposits of private persons (in lats)	3.7	3.7
Demand deposits of private persons (in lats)	1.0	1.0
Time deposits of enterprises (in foreign currencies)	1.4	1.4
Demand deposits of enterprises (in foreign currencies)	0.4	0.4
Time deposits of private persons (in foreign currencies)	2.2	1.9
Demand deposits of private persons (in foreign currencies)	1.6	1.7
The Bank of Latvia's refinancing rate (at end of period; %)	3.5	3.5
Exchange rates of foreign currencies (at end of period)		
LVL/USD	0.5530	0.5440
LVL/GBP	0.9790	1.0000
LVL/100 JPY	0.5020	0.4920
LVL/EUR	0.6550	0.6670

Other liabilities (incl. subordinated liabilities)	52.8	56.0
Unclassified liabilities  Items in transit	286.7 94.2	312.0 98.4
Provisions Unclassified liabilities	76.7	76.7
Residents Non-residents	270.5 244.5	275.° 244.5
Equity	515.1	520.3
Debt securities	52.2	72.3
Liabilities to the Bank of Latvia	63.5	5.9
Other liabilities (incl. subordinated liabilities)	140.7	140.5
Liabilities to foreign non-banks	2 198.9	2 263.8
Liabilities to foreign banks	903.2	934.
Foreign liabilities	3 242.8	3 339.
Transit funds	5.6	5.
Private persons	415.7	425.
Private enterprises	225.3	224.
Public enterprises	15.9	22.
Foreign currency deposits of residents	656.9	672
Private persons	286.0	289
Private enterprises	194.6	196
Public enterprises	74.6	66
Time deposits	555.1	552
Private persons	318.4	333
Private enterprises	271.9	301
Demand deposits Public enterprises	621.2 31.0	665 29
Memo item: Trust assets	537.1	566
Total assets	6 075.9	6 222
Claims on domestic credit institutions (incl. investments)	155.6	172
Other assets	57.6	59
Items in transit	7.5	6
Fixed assets	124.2	122
Unclassified assets	344.8	361
Claims on private persons	915.7	953
Claims on private enterprises	1 927.9	1 971
Claims on public enterprises	82.2	83
Claims on local governments (net)	13.2	9
Claims on the central government (net)	152.5	104
Other assets	29.6	32
Claims on foreign non-banks	746.0	771
Claims on foreign banks	1 582.9	1 665
Foreign assets  Vault cash in foreign currency	2 406.5 48.0	2 518 49
Deposits with the Bank of Latvia		
Vault cash in national currency	78.7 154.3	72 147
Bank reserves	233.0	220
	IV	

 $The \ IMF's \ Dissemination \ Standards \ Bulletin \ Board \ (http://dsbb.imf.org) \ disseminates \ the \ release \ dates for \ monetary \ indicators \ of \ the \ Latvia \ nonetary \ indicators \ of \ the \ Bank \ of \ Latvia \ and \ international \ reserves. \ The \ data \ are \ first \ made \ available \ on \ the \ Bank \ of \ Latvia's \ website \ (http://www.bank.lv).$